CableTap Wirelessly Tapping your Home Network

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Welcome to the LineCon after-party.

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Wireless Security Researcher @ Bastille Networks









Christopher Grayson (@_lavalamp)

- Web development
- Academic researcher
- Haxin' all the things
- Founder & Principal Engineer (Web Sight)



Logan Lamb (Researcher @ Bastille Networks)





ADT Agrees To Pay \$16M To End Alarm Hackability Suits

Lawsuit Seeks to Void Georgia Congressional Election Results

By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS JULY 4, 2017, 4:06 P.M. E.D.T.

By Daniel Siegal

What is CableTap?

- 26 CVEs
- ISP-provided wireless gateways and set-top boxes
- Multiple unauthenticated RCE attack chains
- Network vulnerabilities
- Wi-Fi vulnerabilities
- ZigBee RF4CE vulnerabilities

Why does CableTap matter?

- Full compromise of affected devices
- Wide impact
 - ISP vulnerabilities
 - Vendor vulnerabilities
 - RDK vulnerabilities (software stack used by many major ISPs)
- Attack chains affecting Comcast XFINITY devices have been patched

Agenda

- 1. Background on RDK
- 2. RDK-based devices
- 3. Progression of research
- 4. Vulnerabilities
- 5. Disclosure process
- 6. Q&A

Background on RDK

Reference Development Kit (RDK)

		RDK-V TECHNICAL	BLOCK [DIAGRAM
MVPD APPLICATION	S HTML5 Ap	ps Guide/Navigator App S	tore	Plugins
RDK dms	Media Streamer	Service Manager Media Player	On Screen	Diagnostics
Conditional Access Plug-in SI Mgr	RDK HN Source Media Players	K Media Framework	Flash plug-in	Browser Framework
IARM Logging TR	-69 S/W Download	Caption Data	QT	Gstreamer
SOC RDK				
OEM RDK				
Open Source	RDK Provided	Region/MVPD Customization	Third Party	Components

https://rdkcentral.com/

- "a standardized software stack with localization plugins created to accelerate the deployment of next-gen video products and services by multichannel video providers (MVPDs)."
- Founded in 2012
- Standardized software stack for modems, set top boxes, media devices

Yay Open Source (?) Software!

• An open-source, community-driven project available at:

https://code.rdkcentral.com/

- But wait what's this WHOIS record?
- Ohhhh that sinking feeling in the pit of my stomach...

S Project Name	Project Description
Q components/opensource/westeros	Wayland compositor.
Q devices/intel-x86-pc/rdkri/westeros	Westeros compositor emulator HAL implementation.
Q rdk/components/generic/audiocapturemgr	Presents audio data to registered applications.
Q rdk/components/generic/crashupload	Crash upload component.
Q rdk/components/generic/dca	Data Collection and Analysis (DCA).
Q rdk/components/generic/devicesettings	Unified interface to control device components (e.g. LED, audio/video ports, etc.).
Q rdk/components/generic/diagnostics	HTML diagnostic support for Hybrid Gateway devices and IP clients.
Q rdk/components/generic/dtcp	HAL layer APIs for the DTCP plugins provided by the SOC vendors.
Q rdk/components/generic/hdmicec	HDMI CEC.
9 rdk/components/generic/iarmbus	Platform-agnostic inter-process communication (IPC) interface.
Q rdk/components/generic/iarmmgrs	IARM Managers are IARM applications that provide a set of services (e.g. Bus Daemon, IR Manager, Power Manager, etc.).
Q rdk/components/generic/injectedbundle	Integration layer between Service Manager and the player in RDK Browser and WPE.
Q rdk/components/generic/ledmgr	Manages the STB front panel color LED to communicate the system status.
Q rdk/components/generic/libusbctrl	USB hotplug support for Service Manager.
Q rdk/components/generic/media_utils	Media utilities to stream out audio over Bluetooth to BT Headset /Speakers.
Q rdk/components/generic/mocahal	Provides a standard set of MoCA driver interfaces.
Q rdk/components/generic/netsrvmgr	Network manager.
Q rdk/components/generic/rdk_logger	RDK logging framework.
Q rdk/components/generic/rdkapps	Utilities that include some commonly used scripts and sample applications.
Q rdk/components/generic/rdkbrowser	This browser is based on QT 5.0. It has integrated support of IR key codes and users can use the TV remote control for navigation
Q rdk/components/generic/rdkbrowser2	Generic component.
Q rdk/components/generic/rmf_mediastreamer	RMF media streamer.
Q rdk/components/generic/rmf_tools/generate_si_cache	RMF tools: Generate SI cache.
Q rdk/components/generic/rmf_tools/tenableHDCP	RMF tools: HDCP.
9 rdk/components/generic/servicemanager	A uniform mechanism for discovering and consuming services (APIs) on a target device.

Tech	Name: Comcast Domains
Tech	Organization: Comcast Corporation
Tech	Street: 1701 JFK BLVD.
Tech	City: Philadelphia
Tech	State/Province: PA
Tech	Postal Code: 19103
Tech	Country: US
Tech	Phone: +1.2152861700
Tech	Phone Ext:
Tech	Fax: +1.2152861700
Tech	Fax Ext:
Tech	Email: Hostmaster@comcast.com
Name	Server: ns2.usm1184.sgded.com
Name	Server: ns1.usm1184.sgded.com

Yeah But Who Needs Patches Anyhoo

avalamp@molten ~/D/G/webui> git log | grep --ignore-case "vuln" Merge "RDKB-12011: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in XB6" Merge "RDKB-11346: UI Dev mode Security Vulnerability" Merge "RDKB-11860: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Connected Devices" Merge "RDKB-11347: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Wi-Fi pages" Merge "RDKB-11861: UI DevDebug Security Vulnerability in Advanced tab pages" Merge "RDKB-11862: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in library files" Merge "RDKB-11863: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Parental Control" RDKB-12011: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in XB6 Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in XB6 RDKB-11346: UI Dev mode Security Vulnerability Reason for change: UI Dev mode Security Vulnerability RDKB-11860: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Connected Devices Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Connected Devices Computers and LAN pages RDKB-11347: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Wi-Fi pages Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Wi-Fi pages RDKB-11861: UI DevDebua Security Vulnerability in Advanced tab pages Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Advanced tab pages RDKB-11862: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in library files Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in library files RDKB-11863: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Parental Control Reason for change: UI Dev Debug Security Vulnerability in Parental Control tab pages Reason for change: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] due to Untrusted data in HTML body - Gateway tab Merge "RDKB-10201: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Port Triggering" Merge "RDKB-10199: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Gateway tab' Merge "RDKB-10201: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Advanced tab' Merae "RDKB-10200: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Parental Control tab" RDKB-10201: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Port Triagering Reason for change: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] due to Untrusted data in HTML body - Advanced tab > Port Triggering RDKB-10199: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] - Gateway tab Reason for change: Security Vulnerabilities[XSS] due to Untrusted data in HTML body - Gateway tab

- There's the open source version, then there's the versions deployed on deployed devices
- Lots of vulns patched in the open source repo
- Patches take months to deploy, no CVEs filed for, no disclosure to affected customers
- Still faster to deploy patches with RDK than non-standardized "native" stacks
- RCE, XSS, XSRF, you name it they got it

RDK-Based Devices

RDK Devices

- RDK-B gateways
- RDK-V set-top boxes

RDK-V Consumer Standpoint

- Watch TV!
- On-screen guide
- On Demand / Pay per view
- DVR
- WebApps (Pandora, Netflix)

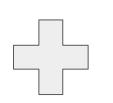
RDK-V Engineer Standpoint

- Plumbing
 - DRM, Diagnostics, Management
- Audio / Video
 - PPV, VOD, Closed Captioning (Webkit)
- Features DOCSIS, MoCA, RF4CE
- Webkit / OpenGL / GStreamer

RDK-B Consumer Standpoint

Modem + Router











RDK-B Consumer Standpoint

- Modem and router functionality
- Can connect with home security system and cordless phones
- All-in-one internet solution

RDK-B Engineer Standpoint

Network Processor + Application Processor







= RDK-B



RDK-B Engineer Standpoint

• Intel PUMA

PRODUCT BRIEF Puma Family Cable Modem, Set-Top-Box (STB), and Cable Video Solutions





Products by Technology: Cable Modem, Set Top Box and Video Gateway Solutions

Progression of Research

Marc learns to netcat

- Project inspiration (Peter Geissler's talk @ HITB)
- Connecting with Chris
 - Prior Comcast customer (Marc's ISP)
 - "Beyond your cable modem" 32C3 talk
- "How do I webapp security plz?"
- Pulling off the filesystem using the previously disclosed web UI ping vuln
- Digging into the RDK repos

Getting Serious

- Finding some vulns and getting serious
- Bringing the side project to Bastille
- Bringing Logan into the fold
 - Hardware and embedded hacking expertise
- Expanding to set-top boxes
- Disclosing to vendors as new vulnerabilities are found

Vulnerabilities

Vulns - Free Internet

- Public wifi access points run by ISPs
 - e.g. "CableWiFi", "xfinitywifi", etc
- AP's are on customer equipment or ISP equipment
- Customer logs into their ISP account to get access
- MAC address is remembered for future access
- Attacker can spoof the MAC
 - Free Internet on other public access points
 - "xfinitywifi" usage does not count toward a customer's bandwidth cap

Vulns - Hidden Home Security WiFi

- Home security service offered by many ISPs
- Touchscreen control panel connects over WiFi
 - Hidden WiFi network runs on the customer's gateway
 - SSID and passphrase generated based on the CM MAC
- Hidden WiFi network, previously documented online
 - Web UI access point index "hack"
 - XHS-XXXXXXXX SSID format, based on CM MAC
- Grepping around for "calculate" "generate" "key" "psk" etc

Vulns - Hidden Home Security WiFi

- CalculatePSKKey in <some binary>
- Cross compiling for big-endian ARM and running a keygen binary on the gateway
- Guesswork yielding the CM MAC input and PSK key output
- Command line binary observed on some devices
- How to get the CM MAC??

Vulns - DHCP ACK CM MAC leak

- 1. Connect to "xfinitywifi" network
- 2. CM MAC of the wireless gateway is included in the DHCP ACK
- 3. Generate hidden home security network SSID and passphrase

Vulns - IPv6 multicast CM MAC leak

- 1. Sniff the 802.11 channel used by the target wireless gateway
- Every ~4 seconds, a 156-byte IPv6 multicast packet is transmitted with the I2sd0.500 interface MAC address
- 3. Translate the I2sd0.500 MAC to the CM MAC
- 4. Generate hidden home security network SSID and passphrase

11:22:33:44:55:66 - 12sd0.500 OF:22:33:44:55:63 - CM MAC

Vulns - eMTA FQDN CM MAC leak

- 1. mta0 (VoIP) interface has FQDN containing the mta0 MAC
- 2. Translate the mta0 MAC into the CM MAC
- 3. Generate hidden home security network SSID and passphrase

FQDN:

m001122334455.atlt6.ga.comcast.net

CM MAC:

00:11:22:33:44:53 <-- last octet decreased by 2

Vulns - IPv6 addressing from CM MACs

• Global IPv6

Given the following inputs:

• Link-local IPv6

Region identifier: 40:11 (Atlanta) Unknown octet: 53 (can be brute forced) MAC address: 11:22:33:44:55:66

The following wan0 IPv6 address is generated:

2001:0558:4011:0053:1122:33FF:FE44:5566

Comcast vs public internet device access

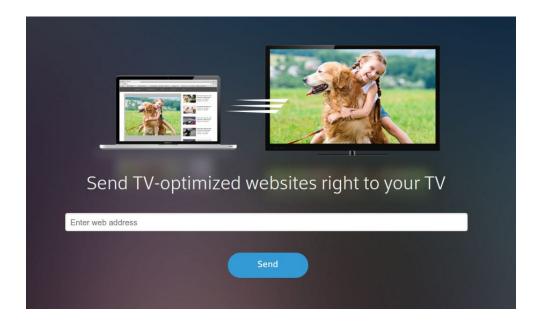
- Web UI supports MSO login from WAN only
- SSH service from WAN only
- Internet-facing network configuration appears well locked-down

Vulns - POTD

- "Password of the day" can be generated on a wireless gateway
- Used for remote web UI authentication
- Used for remote SSH authentication

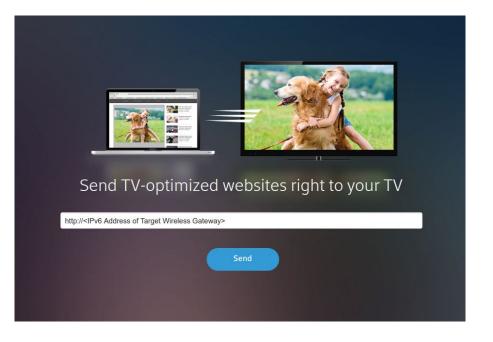
Xfinity Send-to-TV

- Xifinity customer signs in with their account credentials
- Web app accepts URL
- Set-top box displays URL in a web browser



Vulns - Xfinity Send-to-TV / Remote Web UI

- Gateway web UI accepts remote requests from Comcast infrastructure
 - MSO login using the POTD
 - Alternative hard-coded credentials
- IPv6 address of target gateway provides remote web UI access via set-top box



Send-to-TV Attack Demo

It's Like CGI, But Fast & w/ Exploits

- FastCGI successor to the Common Gateway Interface (CGI) protocol
- Authored in 1996
- Enables web servers to invoke other processes birth of dynamic generation of web content
- No RFC, only documentation from MIT .edu site

FastCGI Protocol

FastCGI Specification

Mark R. Brown Open Market, Inc.

Document Version: 1.0 29 April 1996

Copyright © 1996 Open Market, Inc. 245 First Street, Cambridge, MA 02142 U.S.A. Tel: 617-621-9500 Fax: 617-621-1703 URL: <u>http://www.openmarket.com/</u>

\$Id: fcgi-spec.html,v 1.1.1.1 2000/08/21 05:24:03 yandros Exp \$

http://www.mit.edu/~yandros/doc/specs/fcgi-spec.html

- Binary protocol
- Request IDs for multiplexing
- "0" request ID for querying management information
- Three "roles"
 - Responder handle the execution of a file from HTTP request (file path passed to FastCGI server)
 - Authorizer returns an authorized/not authorized response
 - Filter Same as responder but receives file over STDIN

PHP FastCGI Process Manager (PHP-FPM)

- PHP + FastCGI what could possibly go wrong?!
- Lets you reconfigure PHP settings on every request
- HTTP POST data supplied via STDIN FastCGI parameter
- If only there were abusable PHP configuration values...

PHP

/php/ +0)

noun

 an API for remote code execution synonyms: terrible, the worst, you literally can't write secure code in this language,

CGI and command line setups

By default, PHP is built as both a <u>CLI</u> and <u>CGI</u> program, which can be used for CGI processing. If you are running a web server that PHP has module support for, you should generally go for that solution for performance reasons. However, the CGI version enables users to run different PHP-enabled pages under different user-ids.

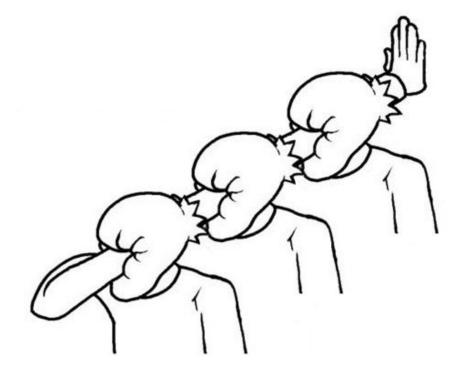
Warning A server deployed in CGI mode is open to several possible vulnerabilities. Please read our <u>CGI security section</u> to learn how to defend yourself from such attacks.

auto_prepend_file string

Specifies the name of a file that is automatically parsed before the main file. The file is included as if it was called with the <u>require</u> function, so <u>include_path</u> is used.

The special value none disables auto-prepending.

Piecing Things Together



•We can...

- Reconfigure the PHP interpreter to include an arbitrary file
- Supply data to STDIN via HTTP POST
- But how do we include STDIN?
- PHP TO THE RESCUE!
 - php://stdin

Isn't This Old News?

- Yes... Kind of (CVE-2012-1823)
- Previous work was on exploiting the PHP-CGI binary residing within a web directory
- But what if the PHP-CGI binary is bound to a network port?
- Nmap sees as tcpwrapped (TCP 1026-1029)
- Scripts for detection included in CableTap code repo

37,449

PHPFPM servers on port 1026 (IPv4 address space)

A Twist in RDKs PHPFPM



- PHPFPM on the RDK deployments we tested had the PHP configuration component stripped out
- No publicly-available documentation as to how to do this – why was it removed?
- Could still gain code execution by referencing PHP files on the system and bypassing control flow guards in the default web app

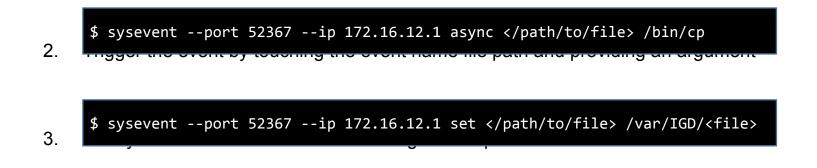
Svseventd - RCE as a Service (RaaS)

- Binary protocol listener on TCP 52,367 (all interfaces)
- Not the same as Oracle syseventd!
- Intended for firing off commands based on system events (logging??)
- No auth, no nothing!



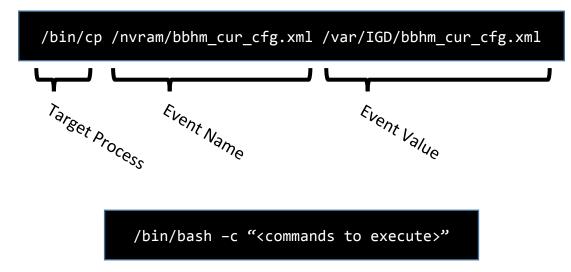
Syseventd Usage

1. Create an event with a name and a binary to call upon event occurrence (name must be a file path)



\$ /bin/cp </path/to/file> /var/IGD/</file>

Syseventd (ab)Usage



- Create an event with a target process of /bin/bash and an event name of -c
- Trigger the event with a value of the bash command to run

•???

• Profit

Where The Syseventd At?!

- Bound to all interfaces
- Sometimes not firewalled off from public-facing IP address
- Otherwise exposed to plenty of the LAN IPs

149,162

Syseventd services on TCP 52,367 (IPv4 address space)

A Tale of Two Operating Systems

- Two operating systems on the board
- One ARM (modem w/ web app) and one Atom (router)
- Modem is at bottom of range (10.0.0.1) and Atom is at top of range (10.0.0.254)

I MAKE MY OWN ROUTES DAMMIT

- Atom OS has an interface allocated in 169.254.0.0/16 range for Dbus
- ... You can route to it if you're into that sort of thing
- Custom RPC service that is quite literally RCE as service, and all that FastCGI goodness
- Once on Atom side, hardcoded root SSH creds to ARM side on 192.168.0.0/16

ip route add 169.254.0.1 via 10.0.0.254

pi@raspberrypi:~ \$ nmap -sT -Pn -T4 -p- 169.254.0.1 Starting Nmap 6.47 (http://nmap.org) at 1970-01-01 07:58 UTC Nmap scan report for 169.254.0.1

Host is up (0.032s latency). Not shown: 65528 closed ports PORT STATE SERVICE 111/tcp open rpcbind 705/tcp open agentx 1026/tcp open LSA-or-nterm 1027/tcp open IIS 1028/tcp open unknown 1029/tcp open ms-lsa 51515/tcp open unknown Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 41.55 seconds

Set-Top box vulns

Remote web inspector

Arbitrary file read

Root command execution

RF4CE remote force pairing

RF4CE remote force OTA

Remote Web Inspector

Comparable to FireFox and Chrome DevTools

Accessible from over the internet



Arbitrary file read

0	Web Inspector - http://127.0.0.1:50050/htmldiag/summary_info.html - Chromium	- + ×
0	Web Inspector - http://x/	
← ·	C D 32222/webkit/inspector/inspector.html?page=13	☆ =
😋 Emerers 🖉 Resources 💿 Noteert 🕌 Sources 🦿 Inteline 🍖 Profiles 🔍 Audits 📷 Gonesia		
🕲 Fai	led to load resource: Unknown error	http://127.0.0.1:50050/htmldiag/cgi-bin/inbandTuner.sh
>		

3

Root command execution

Sanitize your post data!

Voice Remote Overview

Control your STB with your voice!

Wireless instead of IR!

Motion activated lights!

TI CC2530 with RF4CE stack



RF4CE Overview

Zigbee protocol for remote control

Key exchange is unencrypted

RF4CE MSO (OpenCable) Overview

Uses RF4CE

For remote control of cable equipment

Binding process is not rate limited

RF4CE remote force pairing

Emulate remote

Entire binding process in under one second

~2 hours to force pair remote



RF4CE remote force OTA

Firmware package ISN'T signed

- 1) Modify update daemon
- 2) Modify firmware payload
- 3) Fix CRC and version
- 4) OTA :)



Disclosure

Disclosure Timeline

- 03/27/2017 Group 1 Vendor Disclosures
- 03/28/2017 Group 2 Vendor Disclosures
- 04/20/2017 Group 3 Vendor Disclosures
- 04/28/2017 Group 4 Vendor Disclosures
- 07/28/2018 Public Disclosure (all groups)

Remediation and Mitigation

- Unauthenticated RCE attack chains affecting Comcast XFINITY devices have been remediated
- Customers of other ISPs should contact their ISP to determine if their hardware is affected by CableTap

Final Remarks

- Not enough time to talk about all of the vulnerabilities
- Please see our whitepaper for further details <link to whitepaper>
- We found a substantial number of vulns, but the most severe have been patched (hooray!)



Thank you for watching our talk :)

Thanks to Bastille for supporting our research.

Thanks to Comcast for remediating the unauthenticated RCE attack chains affecting Xfinity-branded devices.

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